Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489) L489

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489)
Product code	: L489

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.
	: Industrial use only.
1.3 Details of the supplier of	the safety data
sheet	the safety data
Sherwin-Williams Protective & Tower Works Kestor Street Bolton BL2 2AL United Kingdom +44 (0) 1204 521771	& Marine
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: hse.pm.emea@sherwin.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	Imber
National advisory body/Poi	son Centre
Telephone number	: 111 (general public) /0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only)
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200 418
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Product definition : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

1/15

ECTION 2: Hazards id	lentification
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	 Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
Supplemental label elements	Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	
Special packaging require	<u>ments</u>
Not applicable.	

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Risk of spontaneous combustion. Spraydust, cloth and other contaminated organic material should be wetted and placed in a sealed metal container. Store in a fire-proof place.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Zinc Phosphate	EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≥10 - <25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489)

L489

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Hydrocarbons,	REACH #:	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]
C9-C12, n-alkanes,	01-2119458049-33		STOT SE 3, H336	
isoalkanes, cyclics,	CAS: 64742-88-7		STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system	
aromatics (2-25%)	Index: 649-405-00-X		(CNS))	
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #:	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
	01-2119475108-36		Acute Tox. 4, H312	
	EC: 203-905-0		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
	CAS: 111-76-2		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	Index: 603-014-00-0		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	REACH #:	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H312	[1]
	01-2119539477-28		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	EC: 202-496-6		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	CAS: 96-29-7		Carc. 2, H351	
	Index: 616-014-00-0			
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H	
			statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with

SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489)

L489

SECTION 4: First aid measures

the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	eat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment spece antities have been ingested or inhaled.	alist immediately if large
Specific treatments	specific treatment.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powders.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. 	
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. 	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
		Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

4/15

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489) L489

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures		
6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.	
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour in all cases.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C.
7.2 Spacific and usa/a)	
7.3 Specific end use(s)	. Net eveileble
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489) L489

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name		Exposure limit values	
2-Butoxyethanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.	
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equi- the following: I the assessment limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace atmospheres)		contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be	

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	135 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	50 ppm	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	75 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20 ppm	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	44.5 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	13.4 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	123 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	38 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	49 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.2 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

L489

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-Butoxyethanol	Fresh water	8.8 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.88 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	463 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	3.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.8 mg/kg dwt	-

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
	: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Individual protection meas	ures
<i>Hygiene measures</i>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	: Short Term Exposure less than 10 minutes Continuous use Nitrile gloves. Hazardous ingredients Section 3 For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Ethyl methyl ketone or Methyl ethyl ketone Acetone or Methyl isobutyl ketone Butyl gloves 0.7mm For more than 4 hours of protection in the presence of Aromatic solvent use polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves.
	Long Term Exposure Spill / For prolonged or repeated handling, use PE / PE Laminate gloves > 8 hours (breakthrough time) .
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.
	The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Paint
Odour threshold	: Not Available (Not Tested).
pH	 Testing not technically possible.
Melting point/freezing point	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 141°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 0.18 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 10.6%
Vapour pressure	: 0.049 kPa [at 20°C]
Vapour density	: 4.1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.27
Solubility(ies)	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not Available (Not Tested).
Decomposition temperature	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): <0.205 cm ² /s
Explosive properties	
Oxidising properties	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
9.2 Other information Heat of combustion	: 12.4 kJ/g

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

	-	
10.1 Reactivity	o specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	dients.
10.2 Chemical stability	table under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	cur. 🥄
10.4 Conditions to avoid	/hen exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition roducts.	I
10.5 Incompatible materials	eep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactior xidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	าร:
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	ecomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxic arbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	de,
Defer to Contine 7. LANDIN	D STORAGE and Saction & EXPOSURE CONTROL S/DERSONAL	

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapour	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	73617.8 mg/kg 62292 mg/kg 622.9 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

: Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitisation

No data available

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489) L489

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc Phosphate	Acute LC50 0.268 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					·
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
2-Butoxyethanol	-		-		Readily	,

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zinc Phosphate	-	60960	high
Hydrocarbons, C9-12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	-	10 to 2500	high
aromatics (2-25%)			
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.
12.6 Other adverse effects	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
SECTION 42. Dispessel	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

-				
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.		
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances 08 01 11*		
Disposal considerations	:	o not allow to enter drains or watercourses. ispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no nger apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. or further information, contact your local waste authority.		
<u>Packaging</u>				
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
Disposal considerations	:	Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.		
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10*		
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.1 ON number	011/203		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Heavy Aliphatic Solvent, Zinc Phosphate)	PAINT
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)		3	3
14.4 Packing group	ш	Ш	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Special provisions 640 (E) Tunnel code D/E	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> (EmS) F-E, S-E	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II SHERWIN L489 Alkyd Primer (Formerly known as Leighs L489) L489

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Other EU regulations

VOC content (2010/75/EU) : 30.2 w/w 383 g/l

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

15.2 Chemical safety	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
assessment	

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
Key literature references and sources for data	 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830

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SECTION 16: Other information

Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H302 Harmfu H304 May be H312 Harmfu H315 Causes H317 May ca H318 Causes H319 Causes H332 Harmfu H336 May ca H351 Suspect H372 Causes exposu H400 Very to H410	able liquid and vapour. Il if swallowed. a fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Il in contact with skin. s skin irritation. use an allergic skin reaction. s serious eye damage. s serious eye irritation. Il if inhaled. use drowsiness or dizziness. cted of causing cancer. s damage to organs through prolonged or repeated irre. xic to aquatic life. xic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. o aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 STOT SE 3, H336	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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	: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.	
Version	: 7.03	
Notice to reader		

SECTION 16: Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory reguirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, therefore the customer/buyer/ user is responsible for determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/ buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.